Introduced by Assembly Member Alquist

February 21, 2002

An act to amend Sections 3504, 3505, 3506, 3507, 3507.1, 3507.3, 3507.4, and 3508 of the Civil Code, relating to nuisances.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2574, as introduced, Alquist. Nuisance: human or animal cruelty.

Existing law declares as a nuisance the exhibition of any motion picture, if any intentional killing of, or cruelty to, a human being or an animal is shown in the motion picture and if intentional killing of, or cruelty to, a human being or an animal actually occurred in the production of the motion picture for the purpose of that production.

This bill also would declare as a nuisance the exhibition of any television production or video, as defined, made in whole or in part after January 1, 2003, that shows the intentional killing of, or cruelty to, a human being or an animal under those circumstances.

Existing law defines "killing" and "cruelty" for those purposes to mean conduct that both (1) results in the death or the infliction of any physical injury or wound, including, but not limited to, any temporary or permanent physical harm resulting from the administration of any drug or chemical and (2) is patently offensive to the average person, applying contemporary statewide community standards.

This bill would delete from the definition of "killing" and "cruelty" the requirement that the conduct be patently offensive to the average person, applying contemporary statewide community standards.

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Existing law makes any violation or disobedience of an injunction or order issued against the exhibition of a motion picture declared a nuisance, punishable as a contempt of court by a fine of not less than \$200 nor more than \$1,000.

This bill would increase that range of permissible fines that may be imposed to not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$50,000.

The bill would make conforming changes to related provisions of law governing the maintenance of a legal action against the exhibition of the motion picture, television production, or video alleged to be a nuisance.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 3504 of the Civil Code is amended to 2 read:

3504. As used in this title:

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- (a) "Animal" means any sentient creature, including, but not limited to, an amphibian, bird, fish, mammal or reptile. It does not include any fish or insect.
- (b) "Motion picture" means any motion picture, regardless of length or content, which is exhibited in a motion picture theater in California to paying customers, or is exhibited on television in 10 California to paying customers or under the sponsorship of a paying advertiser. It shall not include motion pictures made for scientific, research, or educational purposes, or motion pictures exhibited as home movies, or amateur films, which are shown free or at cost to friends, neighbors or civic groups to be used in a school or learning atmosphere.
 - (c) "Person" means individuals, corporations, associations, partnerships, limited liability companies, trustees, lessees, agents and assignees.
- (d) "Television production" means any production to be shown 20 in California which is made for the purpose of showing on television to paying customers or under the sponsorship of a paying advertiser. It does not include a television production made for scientific, research, or educational purposes in a school or learning atmosphere.
- (e) "Video" means any filming put on tape which will be shown 25 in California on television to paying customers or under the

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sponsorship of a paying advertiser, distributed to any store for sale, or transferred to any other format, including, but not limited to, CD, DVD, or the Internet. It does not include videos made for scientific, research, or educational purposes to be used in a school or learning atmosphere.

- SEC. 2. Section 3505 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 3505. (a) The exhibition of any motion picture, *television production, or video*, if any intentional killing of, or cruelty to, a human being or an animal is shown in the motion picture, *television production, or video* and such that intentional killing of, or cruelty to, a human being or an animal actually occurred in the production of the motion picture, *television production, or video* for the purpose of such that production, is a nuisance, which shall be enjoined, abated, and prevented.
- (b) As used in this section, "killing" and "cruelty" mean conduct which both (1) results in the death or the infliction of any physical injury or wound, including, but not limited to, any temporary or permanent physical harm resulting from the administration of any drug or chemical, and (2) is patently offensive to the average person, applying contemporary statewide community standards. It does not include conduct committed against a human being to which the human being has given his or her consent. In determining whether conduct is patently offensive, the trier of fact may consider any or all of the following: (i) the degree or extent of the physical injury inflicted, (ii) the manner in which the injury is inflicted, (iii) the extent to which the injuring or wounding or acts resulting therein are depicted on the screen, (iv) the number of instances of infliction of injury, wound or harm occurring in the making of the motion picture, and (v) whether such conduct is lawful or unlawful under any provision of law other than this title.
- (c) For the purposes of this section, it shall not be a requirement that the entire motion picture, *television production, or video* and all of the conduct resulting therein be taken into account in determining whether a nuisance exists, and to this end, the Legislature finds and declares that any specific conduct which intentionally results in the killing of, or cruelty to, an animal or a human being in the making of a motion picture, *television production, or video* is unnecessary and is a nuisance, and that if a motion picture, *television production, or video* cannot be

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1 completed in the absence of such that conduct, it is, therefore, a nuisance in its entirety.

SEC. 3. Section 3506 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 3506. Whenever there is If reasonable cause exists to believe that a nuisance as defined in this title is kept, maintained, or is in existence in any county, the district attorney or the Attorney General, in the name of the people of the State of California, shall, on a proper showing, commence an action in equity to abate and prevent the nuisance and to perpetually enjoin the person conducting or maintaining it, and the owner, lessee or agent of the building, or place, in or upon which the nuisance exists, from maintaining or permitting it. As used herein, a A proper showing to commence an action under this title must shall be based upon evidence independent of the motion picture, television production, or video itself that intentional killing of, or cruelty to, a human being or an animal actually occurred in the production of the motion picture, television production, or video for the purpose of such that production.

SEC. 4. Section 3507 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 3507. Whenever If an action is initiated under this title to abate an alleged nuisance, an adversary trial on the merits shall be held pursuant to Section 3507.2. If the court finds that the exhibition of the particular motion picture, television production, or video constitutes a nuisance, it shall issue a permanent injunction to abate and prevent the continuance or recurrence of such the nuisance. No temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction shall be granted in such an that type of action. An appeal may be taken from an order issuing a permanent injunction, and but any injunction issued pursuant to this title by the trial court may shall not be stayed by such the court pending the outcome of such the appeal. No appeal may be taken from a ruling by the trial court denying an injunction requested under this title.

SEC. 5. Section 3507.1 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 3507.1. In actions brought under this title, the motion picture, *television production, or video* shall be admissible into evidence. The burden of proof that the exhibition of the particular motion picture, *television production, or video* constitutes a nuisance shall be met by the district attorney or Attorney General only when clear and convincing evidence, independent of the motion picture, *television production, or video* itself, is provided that the acts

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alleged actually occurred in the production of the motion picture,
television production, or video.

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- SEC. 6. Section 3507.3 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 3507.3. Any violation or disobedience of an injunction or order expressly provided for by this title is punishable as a contempt of court by a fine of not less than two hundred five thousand dollars (\$200) (\$5,000) nor more than one fifty thousand dollars (\$1,000) (\$50,000).
- SEC. 7. Section 3507.4 of the Civil Code is amended to read: The distributor who furnished a motion picture, television production, or video to a person who is made a defendant in an action under this title, and the producer of a motion picture, television production, or video which is the subject of this title shall be jointly and severally liable, upon proof and after an opportunity to appear and interpose any appropriate defenses, to such the person and the exhibitor for damages, including loss of profits, attorney's fees, and other costs of defending such the action. Such The distributor and such the producer shall actively assist in such the defense to the extent that such the person possesses information necessary to such the defense concerning the production of the motion picture, television production, or video which is not otherwise available to the defendant. The An exhibitor-shall is not-be liable upon any portion of any contract made on or after January 1, 1979, which requires the exhibition or advertisement of a motion picture, television production, or video subject to this title on or after the date of the filing of any action under this title, if the motion picture, television production, or video by final decision of a court is determined to be a nuisance under this title. A business establishment that sells or rents video cassette tapes or digital video discs, and an exhibitor of a motion picture, television production, or video determined to be a nuisance under this title, is exempt from the liability imposed by this title.
- 34 SEC. 8. Section 3508 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 3508. (a) This title shall does not apply to any of the following:
 - (1) The exhibition of any motion picture, *television* production, or video, such as a newsreel or documentary, involving acts of killing or cruelty which were not intentionally

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committed for the purpose of producing the motion picture, *television production, or video*.

- (2) Any motion picture made, in whole or in part, prior to January 1, 1979, or any television production or video made in whole or in part prior to January 1, 2003.
- (3) Any motion picture, *television production, or video* all or part of which has been edited or remade so that any previous conduct which constituted a nuisance under this title no longer appears.
- (4) The taking of any animal as permitted by any provision of the Fish and Game Code or pursuant thereto in accordance with regulations adopted by the Fish and Game Commission, unless the time, place, or manner of such the taking violates any provision of law, except this title. This title shall apply applies to any other animal whether or not the time, place, or manner of the taking is prohibited by any laws other than this title, however, this. This title shall not apply to the taking of any animal authorized by law in any other jurisdiction, unless the time, place, or manner of such that taking is prohibited by law or regulation.
- (5) A motion picture which includes scenes of killing or cruelty to animals if the acts constituting the killing or cruelty were authorized by the laws governing such acts in the jurisdiction where the scenes were filmed.
- (6) Any motion picture which bears within its contents a statement from the producer of the motion picture that all scenes depicting animals were filmed without the intentional killing of, or cruelty to an animal or that any killing or cruelty to an animal was authorized by the laws of the jurisdiction where the scenes were filmed or that the film is otherwise exempt under this title.
- (7) Any motion picture if the exhibitor thereof has a written signed statement, or a copy thereof, from the producer of the motion picture that all scenes depicting animals were filmed without the intentional killing of, or cruelty to an animal or that any killing or cruelty to an animal was authorized by the laws of the jurisdiction where the scenes were filmed or that the film is otherwise exempt under this title.

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1 (b) This title shall does not apply in any case in which it would 2 conflict with federal supremacy in the field of television 3 broadcasting.